Combined financial statements of

THE CANADIAN CIVIL LIBERTIES ASSOCIATION AND EDUCATION TRUST

December 31, 2022

Combined Financial Statements

December 31, 2022

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Members of THE CANADIAN CIVIL LIBERTIES ASSOCIATION AND EDUCATION TRUST

Opinion

We have audited the combined financial statements of The Canadian Civil Liberties Association and Education Trust ("the Organization"), which comprise the combined statement of financial position as at December 31, 2022, and the combined statement of operations, combined statement of changes in net assets and the combined statement cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the combined financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

In our opinion, the accompanying combined financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Organization as at December 31, 2022, and the results of its operations and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Canadian accounting standards for not-for-profit organizations.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Combined Financial Statements* section of our report. We are independent of the Organization in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in Canada, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Combined Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the combined financial statements in accordance with Canadian accounting standards for not-for-profit organizations and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of combined financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the combined financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Organization's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Organization or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the Organization's financial reporting process.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Combined Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the combined financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these combined financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the combined financial statements, whether due to
 fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence
 that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material
 misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion,
 forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Organization's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast doubt on the Organization's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the combined financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Organization to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the combined financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the combined financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

TORONTO, Ontario April 24, 2023

Licensed Public Accountants

Combined Statement of Financial Position

As at December 31,	2022				
Assets					
Current					
Cash	\$ 497,245	\$	485,807		
Investments (note 3)	887,975		845,146		
Donations and grants receivable (note 4)	176,574		80,918		
Prepaid expenses and sundry receivables	30,306		38,810		
Public service body rebate receivable	21,502		82,076		
	1,613,602		1,532,757		
Investments (note 3)	479,514		200,891		
Capital assets (note 5)	32,140		37,416		
	\$ 2,125,256	\$	1,771,064		
Liabilities and Net Assets					
Current liabilities					
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$ 96,460	\$	102,064		
Deferred grants and contributions (note 6)	431,593		387,603		
Lease inducement	24,897		7,416		
	552,950		497,083		
Net Assets	·				
Restricted for Clayton Ruby Endowment	232,466		-		
Unrestricted	1,339,840		1,273,981		
	1,572,306		1,273,981		

Commitment (note 8)

See accompanying notes to the combined financial statements.

On behalf of the Trustees, Canadian Civil Liberties Education Trust

_ Trustee

On behalf of the Board of Directors, The Canadian Civil Liberties Association

Combined Statement of Operations

Year ended December 31,	2022	2021 (note 9)
Revenue		
Donations - individuals	\$ 824,799	\$ 831,678
- corporations	403,671	337,852
- foundations	238,700	96,868
Grants - foundations (notes 4 and 6)	246,562	305,311
- corporations (note 6)	201,983	206,650
- non-profit organizations (note 6)	85,949	44,923
Services	56,447	-
Rental (note 7)	40,346	167,789
Miscellaneous, including recoveries	29,515	13,005
Investment income	25,211	17,893
	2,153,183	2,021,969
Expenses		<u> </u>
Amortization	11,289	12,443
Communications	66,523	61,828
Fundraising	38,514	23,230
Insurance	10,862	5,503
Litigation	8,651	4,320
Membership	9,468	11,102
Office	57,842	48,755
Outsourced professional services and consultants	227,795	384,834
Personnel	1,340,250	1,245,357
Professional fees	84,113	80,359
Program events	51,172	33,319
Rent and utilities	95,464	222,820
Research	11,765	15,735
Travel	14,103	2,875
	2,027,811	2,152,480
Excess (deficiency) of revenue over expenses for the year		
before undernoted items	125,372	(130,511)
Realized and unrealized gains (losses) on investments	 (59,513)	74,061
Excess (deficiency) of revenue over expenses for the year	\$ 65,859	\$ (56,450)

Combined Statement of Changes in Net Assets

For the year ended December 31,				2022	2021
	Cla	stricted for ayton Ruby ndowment	Inrestricted	Total	Total
Balance - Beginning of year Excess (deficiency) of revenue over expenses	\$	-	\$ 1,273,981	\$ 1,273,981	\$ 1,330,431
for the year Endowment contributions		- 232,466	65,859 -	65,859 232,466	(56,450) -
Balance - End of year	\$	232,466	\$ 1,339,840	\$ 1,572,306	\$ 1,273,981

Combined Statement of Cash Flows

Year ended December 31,	2022	2021
Cash provided (used) by operating activities: Excess (deficiency) of revenue over expenses for the year Items not requiring an outlay of cash:	\$ 65,859	\$ (56,450)
Amortization	11,289	12,443
Realized and unrealized (gains) losses on investments	59,513	(74,061)
Lease inducement (net in office expense)	17,481	7,416
	154,142	(110,652)
Net change in non-cash working capital balances:	((11 = 200)
Donations and grants receivable	(95,656)	(41,568)
Prepaid expenses and sundry receivables Public service body rebate receivable	8,504 60,574	(29,037) 5,083
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	(5,604)	9,662
Deferred grants and contributions	43,990	65,097
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	165,950	(101,415)
Cash provided by financing activities: Endowment contributions received	232,466	-
Cash used by investing activities:		
Purchase of capital assets	(6,013)	(28,297)
Purchase of investments (net)	(380,965)	(67,069)
Net cash used by investing activities	(386,978)	(95,366)
Net increase (decrease) in cash	11,438	(196,781)
Cash, beginning of year	485,807	682,588
Cash, end of year	\$ 497,245	\$ 485,807

1 Organization

The Canadian Civil Liberties Association ("CCLA") was incorporated under the Canada Not-for-Profit Act on May 14, 2018 and was granted charitable status effective January 1, 2019. The objectives of The Canadian Civil Liberties Association are to improve the moral or ethical development of the community by promoting respect for fundamental human rights and civil liberties in accordance with the laws of Canada and internationally, to uphold human rights and civil liberties and to assist in the administration and enforcement of related laws in Canada and internationally by defending, extending and fostering the recognition of these rights and liberties.

Canadian Civil Liberties Education Trust ("CCLET") was established by way of Declaration of Trust dated October 20, 1965 and is a charitable organization whose objectives are to conduct research and to educate with respect to fundamental human rights and civil liberties.

These combined financial statements include the assets, liabilities, net assets and operating activities of CCLA and CCLET, collectively referred to as "the Organization". Combined financial statements are presented because of the common control of CCLA and CCLET. All intercompany balances and transactions have been eliminated.

The trustees of CCLET are comprised of certain officers of CCLA.

CCLA and CCLET are exempt from income taxes under paragraph 149(1)(f) of the Income Tax Act (Canada).

2 Significant accounting policies

These combined financial statements have been prepared by management in accordance with Canadian accounting standards for not-for-profit organizations and include the following significant accounting policies:

(a) Revenue recognition

The Organization follows the deferral method of accounting for contributions. Externally restricted contributions are recognized as revenue in the year in which the related expenses are incurred. Unrestricted contributions are recognized as revenue when received or receivable if the amount to be received can be estimated and collection is reasonably assured. Endowment contributions are recognized as direct increases in net assets in the year received.

Rental, service and other revenue is recognized as earned and when collection is reasonably assured.

Investment income is recognized on an accrual basis. Investment income comprises interest from cash and investments and dividend income.

Realized and unrealized gains and losses on investments, which reflect the changes in fair value during the year, are recognized at each reporting date and are included in current year operating results.

(b) Cash

Cash includes cash deposits with financial institutions.

(c) Investments

Investments consist of investments in guaranteed investment certificates, preferred shares, mutual funds, money market funds and equities. The Organization may liquidate these investments at any time to fund special projects and operations.

These investments are carried at fair value, which is the quoted market price at year end.

2 Significant accounting policies (continued)

(d) Financial instruments

The Organization initially measures its financial assets and financial liabilities at fair value adjusted by, in the case of a financial instrument that will not be measured subsequently at fair value, the amount of transaction costs directly attributable to the instrument.

The Organization subsequently measures all its financial assets and financial liabilities at amortized cost, except for investments, which are measured at fair value. Changes in fair value are recognized in the statement of operations and changes in net assets in the year incurred.

When there is an indication of impairment or such an impairment is determined to have occurred, the carrying amount of financial assets is reduced by the greater of the discounted future cash flows expected or the proceeds that could be realized from the sale of that asset. If the circumstances that led to the Organization recording an impairment improve and management determines that all or a portion of the impairment can be recovered, the impairment is reversed up to the amount that the financial asset would have otherwise been recorded at on the reversal date. There are no indications of impairment of financial assets as at December 31, 2022.

(e) Capital assets

The cost of a capital asset includes its purchase price and any directly attributable cost of preparing the asset for its intended use.

When conditions indicate a capital asset no longer contributes to the Organization's ability to provide services or that the value of future economic benefits or service potential associated with the capital asset is less than its net carrying amount, its net carrying amount is written down to its fair value or replacement costs. As at December 31, 2022, no such impairment exists.

Amortization is provided over the estimated lives using the following rates:

Equipment	20% declining balance
Computer equipment	30% declining balance
Computer software	50% declining balance
Website	25% declining balance

(f) Contributed services

The value of goods and services is recorded as revenue and expense in the financial statements when fair value can be reasonably estimated and the goods and services would otherwise be purchased if not donated.

The Organization benefits substantially from services in the form of volunteer time. The Organization directs, supervises and approves its own litigation pursuant to its charitable purpose to promote and strengthen civil liberties in Canada. A significant portion of this work is accomplished through pro-bono legal services. The Organization does not recognize pro-bono legal services or disbursements in its financial reporting, whether or not third parties to the litigation compensate private counsel. It follows that any third-party contributions to private counsel in not treated by the Organization as a charitable donation or otherwise receipted as such. Since volunteer time is not purchased and fair value is not reasonably determinable, pro-bono legal services and other volunteer time is not recognized in the financial statements.

(g) Management estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with Canadian accounting standards for not-for-profit organizations requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements, and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the current period. Significant estimates include the useful lives of capital assets and allocation of shared expenses between CCLA and CCLET.

All estimates are reviewed periodically and adjustments are made to the statement of operations as appropriate in the year they become known.

3 Investments

As at December 31,		2022	2021
Current:			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	229,382	\$ 109,621
Preferred shares		174,600	184,820
Equities and mutual funds		280,964	305,462
Money market funds		37	104,835
Foreign equities		51,695	43,930
Guaranteed investment certificates, bearing interest at rates ranging from 1.10 to 1.53% (2021 - 2.05%) and maturing on dates ranging from April 12, 2023	%		
to May 29, 2023 (2021 - March 29, 2022)		151,297	96,478
		887,975	845,146
Long term:			
Guaranteed investment certificates, bearing interest at rates ranging from 1.61% to 2.39% (2021 - 1.10% to 2.39%) and maturing on dates ranging from December 16, 2024 to November 4, 2026 (2021 - April 12, 2023 to			
December 16, 2024)		479,514	200,891
Investments, fair value	\$	1,367,489	\$ 1,046,037
Investments, cost	\$	1,414,387	\$ 1,029,956

4 Grants receivable

During the year, the Organization was approved for an additional one-year grant of \$221,100 (2021 - \$221,100) from the Law Foundation of Ontario for the ongoing education program. The Organization is required to submit semi-annual project progress reports to the Law Foundation of Ontario for continued eligibility for the grant.

Included in grants receivable is \$22,100 (2021 - \$22,100) received from the Law Foundation of Ontario subsequent to the year end as the final payment of the above grant.

5 Capital assets

As at December 31,		2022		2021
	Cost	 cumulated nortization	Cost	 ccumulated
Equipment Computer equipment Computer software Website	\$ 55,650 73,396 10,108 21,495	\$ 46,432 63,110 9,563 9,404	\$ 55,650 68,474 9,018 21,495	\$ 44,127 58,702 9,018 5,374
	\$ 160,649	\$ 128,509	\$ 154,637	\$ 117,221
Net book value		\$ 32,140		\$ 37,416

6 Deferred grants and contributions

As at December 31,	2022	2021
Balance, beginning of year Grants and contributions received during the year and receivable Grants and contributions earned during the year	\$ 387,603 578,484 (534,494)	\$ 322,506 621,981 (556,884)
Balance, end of year	\$ 431,593	\$ 387,603

7 Rental revenue

The Organization provides office space and administrative support to an unrelated organization and in exchange receives reimbursement of base rent and common area maintenance fees.

8 Commitment

The Organization has a lease for office space which expires on November 30, 2026.

The minimum annual payments, excluding HST, over the term of the lease are as follows:

2024	\$	99,624
2025		101,154
2026		102,684
2027	_	<u>95,413</u>
Total	\$	398,875

The lease requires additional rent over the term, additional rent for fiscal 2022 is estimated to be \$43,330 and is included in the payments. Additional rent is adjusted annually.

The Organization recovers a portion of the base rent and common area maintenance fees, as described in note 7.

9 Financial instruments

The Organization is exposed to various risks through its financial instruments. The following analysis provides a measure of the Organization's risk exposure and concentrations. The financial instruments and the nature of the risks to which they may be subject are as follows:

Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk that one party to a financial instrument will cause a financial loss for the other party by failing to discharge an obligation. The Organization is exposed to credit risk through its cash, investments and grants receivable.

Grants receivable are unsecured and are comprised of the grant payments from the Law Foundation of Ontario (note 4). There is minimal credit risk associated with the balance and all payments were received subsequent to year end.

The Organization's bank accounts are held at one financial institution. Funds on deposit exceed the maximum amount insured and hence there is a concentration of credit risk.

Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Organization will not be able to meet a demand for cash or fund its obligations as they come due. The Organization has sufficient cash and a significant investment portfolio which could be converted to cash in a short period to meet its obligations.

Market risk

Market risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market prices. Market risk is comprised of currency risk, interest rate risk and other price risk.

Currency risk

The Organization is exposed to currency risk through its investment in foreign securities and foreign currency savings accounts. The Organization holds foreign equities in the amount of \$38,287 USD (2021 - \$40,190 USD) and savings accounts in the amount of \$164,000 USD (2021 - \$nil).

Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates. The Organization is subject to interest rate risk from its interest bearing assets. The Organization's exposure to interest rate risk arises from investments which bear interest at variable rates. The Organization has not entered into any derivative agreements to mitigate this risk.

The Organization manages its exposure to the interest rate risk of its cash by maximizing the interest income earned on excess funds while maintaining the liquidity necessary to conduct operations on a day-to-day basis. Fluctuations in market rates of interest on cash do not have a significant impact on the Organization's results of operations.

Other price risk

Other price risk refers to the risk that the fair value of financial instruments or future cash flows associated with the instruments will fluctuate because of changes in market prices (other than those arising from currency risk or interest rate risk), whether those changes are caused by factors specific to the individual instrument or its issuer or factors affecting all similar instruments in the market.

The Organization is exposed to other price risk through its equity investments.

Changes in risk

Aside from an increase in currency risk arising from an increase in USD cash, there have been no other significant changes in the Organization's risk exposures in financial instruments from the prior year.

Schedule of Financial Position, Individual Entities

As at December 31, 2022		CCLA		CCLET	Combined
Assets					
Current					
Cash	\$	151,519	\$	345,726	\$ 497,245
Investments		277,095		610,880	887,975
Grants receivable		151,680		24,894	176,574
Prepaid expenses and sundry receivables		24,947		5,359	30,306
Public service body rebate receivable		14,568		6,934	21,502
		619,809		993,793	1,613,602
Investments		-		479,514	479,514
Capital assets (note 5)		21,728		10,412	32,140
	\$	641,537	\$	1,483,719	\$ 2,125,256
Liabilities and Net Assets					
Current liabilities					
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$	72,042	\$	24,418	\$ 96,460
Deferred grants and contributions	·	90,407	,	341,186	431,593
Lease inducement		24,897		-	24,897
Due between related parties		(789,574)		789,574	-
		(602,228)		1,155,178	552,950
Net assets					
Restricted for Clayton Ruby Endowment		232,466		-	232,466
Unrestricted		1,011,299		328,541	1,339,840
Onrestricted		, ,			

Schedule of Operations, Individual Entities

For the year ended December 31, 2022		CCLA		CCLET		Combined
Revenue						
Donations	\$	1,410,069	\$	57,101	\$	1,467,170
Grants	·	150,902	·	383,592	•	534,494
Services		55,067		1,380		56,447
Rental and other		28,276		12,070		40,346
Miscellaneous, including recoveries		29,115		400		29,515
Realized investment income		2,189		23,022		25,211
		1,675,618		477,565		2,153,183
Expenses						
Amortization		6,104		5,185		11,289
Communications		63,248		3,275		66,523
Fundraising		33,225		5,289		38,514
Insurance		7,477		3,385		10,862
Litigation		8,651		-		8,651
Membership		9,298		170		9,468
Office		49,510		8,332		57,842
Outsourced professional services and consultants		198,282		29,513		227,795
Personnel		942,464		397,786		1,340,250
Professional fees		63,714		20,399		84,113
Program events		-		51,172		51,172
Rent and utilities		67,329		28,135		95,464
Research		11,514		251		11,765
Travel		8,822		5,281		14,103
Shared cost allocation		(27,130)		27,130		-
		1,442,508		585,303		2,027,811
Excess (deficiency) of revenue over expenses for the year,						
before undernoted items		233,110		(107,738)		125,372
Realized and unrealized losses on investments		(15,164)		(44,349)		(59,513)
Excess (deficiency) of revenue over expenses for the year		217,946		(152,087)		65,859